

KEYNES' "SIMPLEST MODEL":
E-VIEWS ESTIMATIONS and SOLUTIONS

DATA:

West Germany 1970 - 1991

Warning: Due to aggregation, only (private and government) consumption is a well-defined variable.

EQUATIONS:

Reduced Form:

(1) equation eq_y.ls $y_ = c(11) + c(12)*I$

(2) equation eq_c.ls $c_ = c(21) + c(22)*I$

In Model:

(3) eq_c_6.ls $c_ = c(61)/(1 - c(62)) + c(62)/(1 - c(62))*i$

(4) $y_ = c_ + i$

E-VIEWS ESTIMATES:

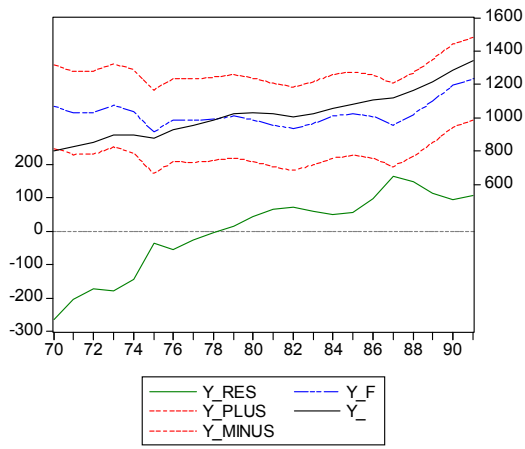
C_12	C_22	C_62
2.873338	1.873338	0.651973

RELATIONS of COEFFICIENTS

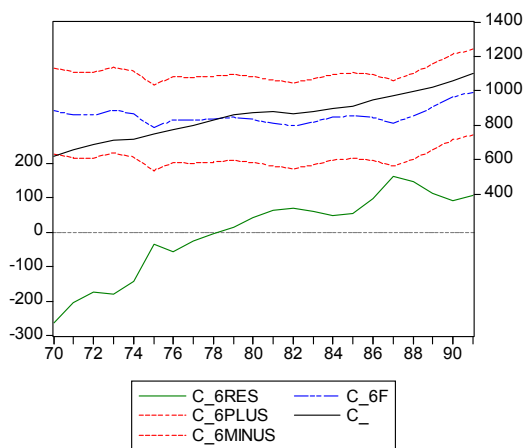
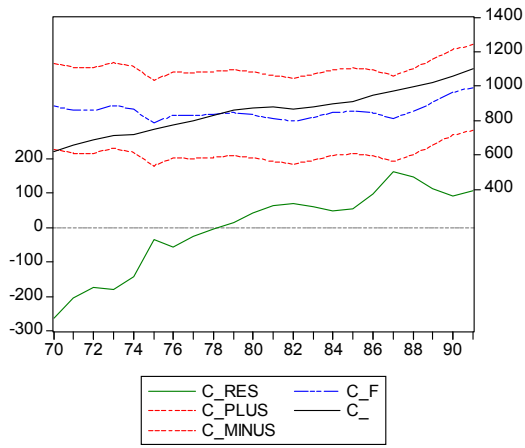
$$\beta = c(32) = 0.65 \quad 1/(1 - \beta) = 2.87 = c(12) \quad \beta/(1 - \beta) = 1.87 = c(22)$$

SOLUTIONS OF SINGLE EQUATIONS:

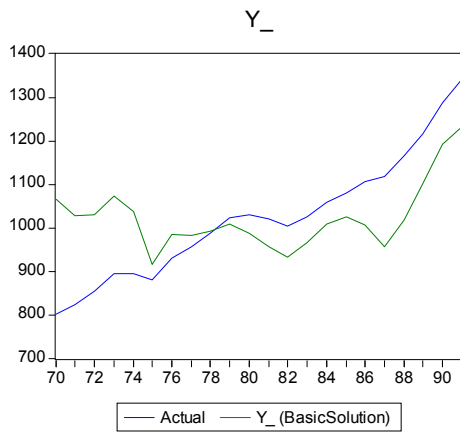
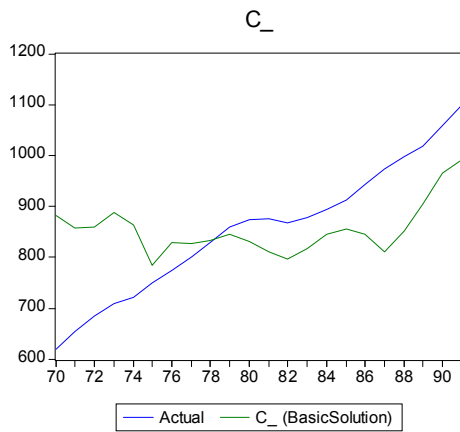
Equation 1:



Equation 2:



BASIC SOLUTION OF THE MODEL



In this special case, there is no difference between the forecast by a single equation or by the model as a whole:

Last updated: 08/25/05 - 16:08
Modified: 1970 1991 // c_dif = c__bs - c_6f

1970	1.39E-05
1971	-2.02E-05
1972	1.86E-05
1973	1.29E-05
1974	-2.14E-05
1975	4.86E-05
1976	-1.39E-05
1977	-2.16E-05
1978	-4.11E-05
1979	2.15E-05
1980	3.38E-05
1981	3.23E-05
1982	-2.88E-06
1983	7.23E-06
1984	-4.49E-05
1985	1.06E-05
1986	-1.26E-05
1987	-2.02E-06
1988	3.83E-05
1989	2.97E-05
1990	-3.02E-07
1991	1.36E-05